## Multipressure VC System

#### Dr. M. Zahurul Haq

Professor Department of Mechanical Engineering Bangladesh University of Engineering & Technology (BUET) Dhaka-1000, Bangladesh

> zahurul@me.buet.ac.bd http://teacher.buet.ac.bd/zahurul/

#### ME 415: Refrigeration & Building Mechanical Systems

Multipressure VC System

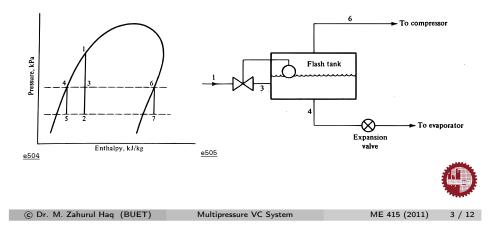


© Dr. M. Zahurul Haq (BUET)

ME 415 (2011)

#### Flash Gas Removal

When saturated liquid expands through an expansion device, fraction of vapour or flash gas progressively increases. Power is saved if developed flash gas is removed & re-compressed before complete expansion.



# Multipressure VC System

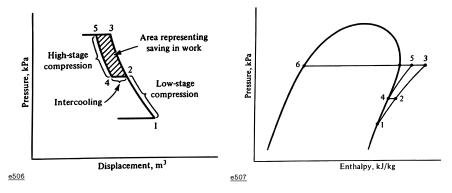
- A multipressure system is a refrigeration system that has two or more low-pressure side.
- A multipressure system may be found in a dairy where one evaporator operates at -35°C to harden ice cream while another evaporator operates at 2°C to cool milk.
- In process industries a two or three stage compression arrangement serves an evaporator operating at a low temperature of  $-20^{\circ}$ C or lower.
- Two functions often integral to mutipressure systems are:
  - Removal of flash gas
  - Inter-cooling



© Dr. M. Zahurul Haq (BUET) Multipressure VC System

#### ME 415 (2011) 2 / 12

#### Inter-cooling



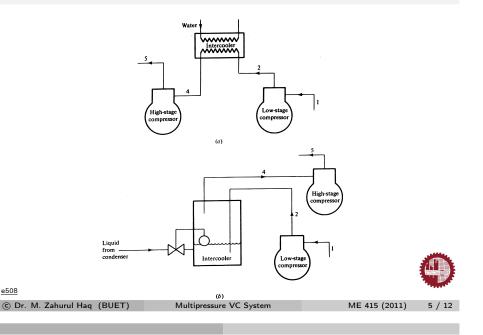
Inter-cooling between two stages of compression reduces the compression work. Inter-cooling can be done by

- (a) with a water cooled condenser
- (b) by using refrigerant: [i] flash inter-cooler [ii] sub-cooler

© Dr. M. Zahurul Haq (BUET) Mult

Multipressure VC System

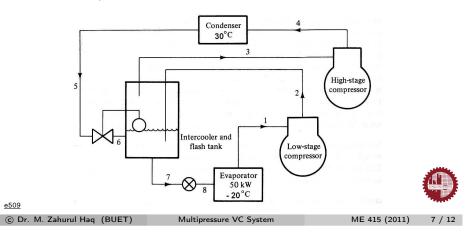
## Inter-cooling Methods



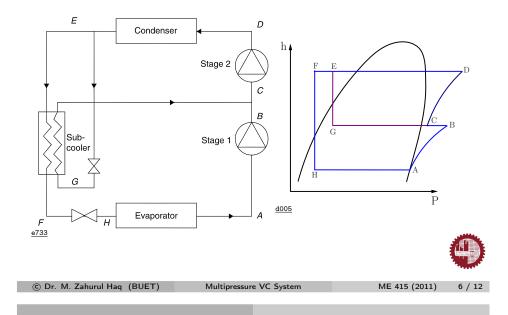
#### Example

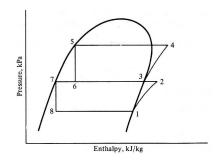
e508

Determine the COP of a 2-stage refrigeration system with flash gas removal. The system uses R134a as a refrigerant to produce 50 kW refrigeration effect. Given that,  $T_{cond} = 30^{\circ}$ C and  $T_{evap} = -20^{\circ}$ C, and inter-cooler temperature is 0°C.



# Inter-cooling with Subcooler





- $h_5 = h_6 = h_7 + x.(h_3 h_7) \rightsquigarrow x = 0.21$ • RE = 50 kW =  $m(1-x)(h_1 - h_8) \rightsquigarrow m = 0.339$  Kg/s
- $W_{12} = m(1-x)(h_2 h_1) = 4.29 \text{ kW}$
- $W_{34} = m(h_4 h_3) = 6.80 \text{ kW}$

e510

- $W_{comp} = W_{12} + W_{34} = 11.09 \text{ kW}$
- $COP = RE/W_{comp} = 4.50$

© Dr. M. Zahurul Haq (BUET)

• energy savings > 10% with multistaging & inter-cooling.

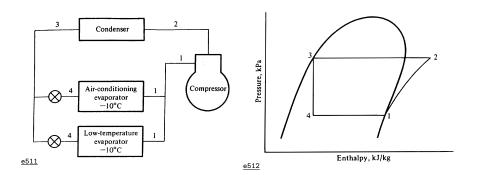
Multipressure VC System



8 / 12

ME 415 (2011)

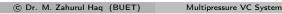
#### 1 Compressor & 2 Evaporators System



Evaporators are at same temperature



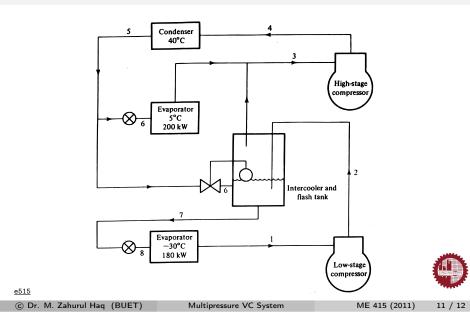
9 / 12



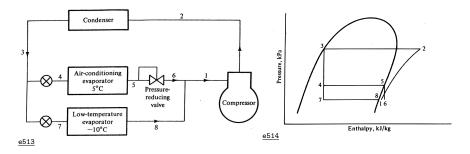
e515

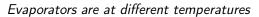
ME 415 (2011)

## 2 Compressors & 2 Evaporators System



# 1 Compressor & 2 Evaporators System



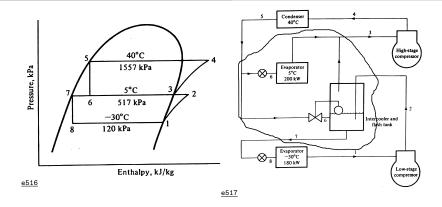




Dr. M. Zahurul Haq (BUET)

Multipressure VC System

ME 415 (2011)



• RE at -30°C = 180 kW =  $m_1(h_1 - h_8) \rightsquigarrow m_1 = 0.15$  Kg/s,  $NH_3$  system

- Mass balance:  $m_1 = m_2 = m_7 = m_8 \& m_3 = m_4 = m_5$
- Energy balance:  $m_5h_5 + 200 + m_2h_2 = m_3h_3 + m_7h_7 \rightsquigarrow m_3 = 0.382 \text{ Kg/s}$
- $W_{12} = 30.1 \text{ kW}, W_{34} = 59.7 \text{ kW}, W_{comp} = 89.8 \text{ kW}$
- If 1 single stage compressor serve each evaporator,

 $W_{12} = 70.0 \ kW, \ W_{34} = 29.1 \ kW, \ W_{comp} = 99.1 \ kW$  © Dr. M. Zahurul Haq (BUET) Multipressure VC System

ME 415 (2011) 12 / 12